# WI Educator Effectiveness

# 2022-23 DPI Teacher Evaluation Training

# Protocol

for 2022-23 Evaluator Calibration



# Overview of the 2022–23 Evaluator Calibration Process

For the 2022–23 school year, DPI model evaluators in need of annual calibration may fulfill requirements by participating in a collaborative observation, evidence alignment, and feedback activity. The activity is designed to support certified evaluators in observation/feedback skills and to reduce observer drift by sharing expertise with other evaluators. The interim calibration is valid for the 2022-23 school year.

### Collaborative Observations

### Step 1:

#### 1a. Identify your collaboration peer(s)

Choose the collaboration peer(s) that will be most useful to you from the three options below. You may collaborate with a:

- New evaluator who has completed the Activity 1 (module) of the 2022– 23 DPI Teacher Evaluation Training, and needs to complete Activity 2, a collaborative observation.\*
- o Certified evaluator peer; or
- o Small group of certified evaluator peers.

#### 1b. Develop your observation strategy

The observation of classroom instruction should last at least 15 minutes. Observations may be conducted in an actual classroom or by using a video.

- Classroom observation (recommended): peers observe the same class at the same time.
- Video observation (if classroom observation not available): peers observe the same video of a classroom. The video may be of a local classroom or a video obtained from the internet. Contact <u>educator.effectiveness@dpi.wi.gov</u> if you need help locating a video.

#### Step 2: PROTOCOL for the Collaborative Observation

#### 2a. Before the Observation

- Check for Bias:
  - Reflect on your personal preferences and triggers. Consider how they might influence what you observe in the observation event.
- If observing/recording a teacher and classroom in your school/district, narrow the focus of the observation. In advance, ask the educator to identify desired feedback, or focus on components that align to educator, school, or district goals.

#### 2b. During the Observation

#### Each collaborative peer should independently:

- o Collect and document observed evidence during the observation.
- Use the Frontline platform as your tool for documenting evidence (unless your school has directed the use of a different tool).

Note: It is not necessary to script all that is said or done within the observation. Evidence may be documented in short statements using abbreviations: Example (T) Teacher (S) student. Evidence can include teacher actions, student actions, etc.

#### 2c. After the Observation

#### Independently, each observer should:

- Review your evidence statements to identify any that may include opinion or bias. Adjust the statements, as necessary.
- Align the collected evidence statements to the Danielson Framework for Teaching (FfT) components and critical attributes:
  - Identify the most relevant FfT components.
  - Identify the critical attributes that best describe the practice demonstrated within the evidence statement(s).

- Determine strengths (as supported by evidence) and potential areas for growth:
  - Look holistically at the evidence collected around various components within the observation.
  - What do the critical attributes suggest are areas of strength? Next steps for growth?

#### Collaboratively (working together) peers should:

- Share the evidence each of you has collected and the components identified. Compare how you have aligned the evidence to the Framework for Teaching component(s) and critical attributes.
  - In cases of discrepancy, discuss the reason(s) for the discrepancy. Was there a difference in the evidence collected? Was something interpreted differently? Did collaborators align evidence to the Framework differently? Was anything overlooked?
- Discuss the feedback you would provide to the teacher in a postobservation feedback session:
  - What statement could you make to validate strong practice?
  - What clarifying question might you pose to better understand something you observed? Or the thoughts of the teacher?
  - What statement could you make to get the educator to consider next steps for growth and commit to new/ different practice?

# Example

## Post-observation feedback discussion

The new evaluator identifies 3-5 specific feedback statements they would share with the teacher. For example:

- o A statement that validates effective practice.
- A statement that clarifies questions to better understand something you observed or gets at the thoughts and reflections of the teacher.
- A statement to encourage the identification of next steps for growth and/or to gain a commitment to trying new or different practices.

The peer evaluator provides feedback to the new evaluator:

- o Affirming effective feedback.
- Using clarifying questions to determine what is needed to strengthen feedback evaluation efforts going forward.

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#### Resources for additional information:

Archer, J., Cantrell, S., Holtzman, S.L., Joe, J.N., Tocci, C.M., Wood, J. (2016). Better feedback for better teaching: A practical guide to improving classroom observations. Jossey-Bass.

Graham, M., Milanowski, A., Miller, J. (2012). Measuring and promoting interrater agreement of teacher and principal performance ratings. Center for Educator Compensation Reform at Westat.