
Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) Grant Information and Guidelines 2020

20 U.S.C. §§ 9101-9176 as amended by the
Museum and Library Services Act of 2018

Developed by
Division for Libraries and Technology

Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction



Carolyn Stanford Taylor, State Superintendent
Madison, Wisconsin

Public Library Development Team
Division for Libraries and Technology
Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction
125 South Webster Street
Madison, WI 53703
(608) 266-9534
<https://dpi.wi.gov/pld/lsta>
LibraryReport@dpi.wi.gov

© 2020 Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

The Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction does not discriminate on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, creed, age, national origin, ancestry, pregnancy, marital status or parental status, sexual orientation, or ability and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts of America and other designated youth groups.

Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) grant-funded projects are made possible in part by the Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS) LS-246190-OLS-20.



Table of Contents

Introduction	1
Wisconsin LSTA Goals 2018-2022.....	1
LSTA Advisory Committee	2
LSTA Subaward Timeline	2
Subaward Consultation	3
LSTA Requirements	3
Acknowledge IMLS for Project Funding	3
Allowable and Unallowable Costs.....	3
Budget and Activity Changes	4
Internet Accessible Devices	4
Evaluations: Mid-Project and End-of Project Grant Evaluations	5
Grant Payment – Claim for Reimbursement.....	6
Indirect Cost Rate.....	6
Partnerships and Collaboration	7
LSTA Grant Application Instructions	8
Application Review and Notification	13
2020 LSTA Grant Project Categories.....	14
Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources Sparsity Aids	14
Integrated Library System (ILS) Migration to Shared ILS Consortium	16
Statewide Delivery Service	17
Community Engagement Statewide Training	18
Statewide Homelessness Training for Librarians.....	19
Virtual Conference Scholarships for Rural, Small Libraries.....	20
Digital Collection Data Analysis.....	21
Public Library Public School Collaboration	22
Appendix: LSTA Grant Application Scoring Rubric	24

Introduction

The Museum and Library Services Act (including the Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA)) was signed into law on September 30, 1996. Fiscal year 1997 was a year of transition, marking the end of the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) program and the beginning of the new LSTA program. Known originally as the Library Services Act, the LSTA program had been in existence in various forms and with various priorities since 1956. LSTA was most recently reauthorized in 2018.

The LSTA Grants to States program is administered at the federal level by the [Institute of Museum and Library Services \(IMLS\)](#). IMLS is the primary source of federal support for the nation's 123,000 libraries and 17,500 museums. The [Institute's mission](#) is to advance, support, and empower America's museums, libraries, and related organizations through grantmaking, research, and policy development. IMLS administers its program according to the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) based formula [Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards](#).

Wisconsin LSTA Goals 2018-2022

Through the IMLS Grants to States program, Wisconsin established its goals based on the federal LSTA priorities and they are described in the [LSTA Five-Year Plan for Wisconsin 2018-2022](#). Below are the state's primary goals and objectives. These purposes are accomplished through the activities implemented by DLT through statewide initiatives, managed projects and resources, or grant subaward projects. This information is [available as a flyer in PDF format](#).

- **Robust and equitable access to technology through statewide infrastructure and consulting services.** Objective: Assist libraries and systems in using technology, providing access and coordinating the use of technology statewide.
- **Statewide sharing of information resources and collaboration among libraries to provide equitable and efficient library services for all Wisconsin residents.** Objectives: Create, maintain and continuously improve on a platform and system to facilitate the sharing of content and resources across the state for all libraries in all locations. Encourage a more informed society by providing access to historical and current civic content.
- **Increased leadership capacity of public libraries through law, finance and data support including governance and service standards.** Objectives: To provide leadership and management training and consultation services for library staff and volunteer leaders. To develop clear and useful library standards and provide an interactive interface to enable real time and consistent measurement and comparisons of progress in meeting state standards.
- **Stronger engagement of public libraries with their communities and utilization of data to actively adapt to community needs.** Objectives: To increase awareness of community engagement as critical to public library sustainability and to provide training and resources to facilitate the effective community engagement practices of libraries with their local communities. To improve local libraries' ability to create, collect and analyze local outcomes as part of ongoing data practices in order to actively adapt to community needs.
- **Increased involvement of youth and under-represented populations in library programs and services through staff training and shelf-ready resources.** Objective: To provide quality training, programs and information regarding identifying, attracting, and effectively serving the needs of youth and all community members, including individuals or groups for whom using the library is difficult or limited.

LSTA Advisory Committee

The LSTA Advisory Committee is comprised of representatives of libraries in Wisconsin appointed by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve staggered four-year terms. The primary responsibilities of the committee are to advise the State Superintendent and the DLT on the development of the long-range plan for LSTA; establishment of the annual grant criteria, priorities, and categories; grant applications and grant awards; and evaluation of the LSTA grant program. Current committee members and contact information are located on the [LSTA Advisory Committee page](#).

LSTA Subaward Timeline

This is a target timeline that is not specific to any particular grant application. The target period of performance for LSTA grants is April 1 through March 30. The following timeline includes lead-up activities, the period of performance, and follow-up items. Contact the DPI consultant assigned to the grant project for a more specific timeline. If you've received a Notification of Federal Grant Subaward document, the contact is listed in the DPI Contact Information on the front page.

Spring Year 1	LSTA Advisory Committee recommends grant categories and budget
August Year 1	Application, Information and Guidelines available
September Year 1	Grant application reviewer pool selected for competitive grants
October Year 1	Reviewers trained and application links distributed for review
October Year 1	Grant applications due to DPI
November Year 1	Reviewer recommendations due
December Year 1	LSTA Advisory Committee meeting to consider subaward recommendations
Feb.-March Year 2	Notification of Federal Grant Subaward announcements (pending federal appropriations)
April 1 Year 2	Projects begin (pending federal appropriations)
October Year 2	Mid-project LSTA evaluations due (online)
February Year 3	Final Budget Revision forms due to PLD
March 31 Year 3	Grant cycle ends
May Year 3	End-of-project evaluations due to PLD
May Year 3	Program Fiscal Reports (claims for reimbursement) due to LSTA accountant

Subaward Consultation

Consultation on grant proposals and the application process for federal grant subaward categories is available from DLT staff upon request. If you desire help, contact one of the staff members listed below.

Michael Dennison michael.dennison@dpi.wi.gov (608) 266-5196	General LSTA Questions, Funding, Data, Compliance
Cindy Fesemyer cindy.fesemyer@dpi.wi.gov (608) 266-8053	Community Engagement, Continuing Education
Bill Herman bill.herman@dpi.wi.gov	Library and System Technology
Tessa Michaelson Schmidt tessa.schmidt@dpi.wi.gov (608) 267-5077	Youth and Inclusive Services, Accessibility, Literacy
Monica Treptow monica.treptow@dpi.wi.gov (608) 224-6161	School Library Media, Future Ready Libraries

LSTA Requirements

Acknowledge IMLS for Project Funding

LSTA grant award recipients are required to acknowledge IMLS as the funding agency. All products and informational materials, regardless of format or method of distribution that are supported by an LSTA grant, including Internet websites and databases created totally or in part, must include a logo and an acknowledgement. More information is available on the [DPI LSTA FAQ page](#) and the [IMLS Acknowledgement Requirements page](#).



Allowable Costs

Ensuring that costs charged back to a federal award are allowable is important in the planning and implementation of projects. Disregard of allowable costs might affect project status and/or out-of-pocket costs for a grantee. Grant funds must be obligated for the goals and objectives identified in the approved [LSTA Five-Year State Plan](#). Generally, for an LSTA grant award cost to be allowable, the cost must be directly related and necessary to carry out one or more of the approved [LSTA Goals](#). [DPI's Allowable Cost Checklist for Federal Funds](#) provides a list of questions to ask to determine if a cost is allowable. DPI follows the [Code of Federal Regulations Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards \(Title 2 Subtitle A Chapter II Part 200 Subpart E\)](#) which has more details regarding allowable costs.

[Allowable cost examples for LSTA projects](#) include, but are not limited to:

- Salaries, wages, fringe benefits
- Travel costs
- Materials and supplies (specific attention should be given to purchases of [Internet-accessible devices](#))
- Consultant fees
- Supplies
- Food is only allowable if obtained in conjunction with training to achieve one of the LSTA purposes. The cost must be reasonable and necessary to achieve LSTA goals. In most cases it is best to use local funds for food expenses.
- Performance costs (only if the performance is primarily for educational purposes)
- LSTA project marketing cost (marketing the library in general is not an allowable cost)

Unallowable Costs

- Purchase of Internet filtering software
- Marketing and public relations of general library services
- Meetings, conventions for non-LSTA grant activities
- Memorabilia or any kind of promotional items
- Gifts, souvenirs, t-shirts, temporary tattoos, toys, stickers, candy
- Parties, games, coloring books
- Incentives and motivators (i.e., rewards, prizes)
- Lobbying or advocacy activities (i.e., attempt to influence government decision-making)

DPI recommends that libraries partner with businesses and organizations to cover the cost of promotional materials. For more information about allowable and unallowable costs, view the [FAQ page](#).

Budget and Activity Changes

DPI notifies grant subrecipients if the submitted budget within the application requires a change before the federal grant subaward is issued. If the grant subaward does not include any special conditions, the budget is approved as stated in the original application. DPI will provide a signed copy of the approved grant application and budget will be provided to the applicant agency along with the notification of federal grant subaward.

During the project performance period, changes to an approved grant budget must be approved by DPI. Changes to the budget details can be made directly to the LSTA application and emailed to the DPI project coordinator at LibraryReport@dpi.wi.gov.

Internet-accessible Devices

LSTA funds used to purchase Internet-accessible devices (e.g., computers, tablets, or smartphones) or to pay for costs associated with accessing the Internet by library patrons and/or staff (e.g., hotspot data plans, Internet service provider subscription costs), must comply with the [Children's Internet Protection Act \(CIPA\)](#), passed in December 2000. CIPA mandates the use of Internet filters on all library-owned public access **and** staff computers with Internet access in libraries.

LSTA funding may be used for projects that include use and/or purchase of Internet-accessible devices that are non-CIPA compliant if matching local funds are used for the purchase of the devices. LSTA funds can be used for equipment, training, transportation, or other LSTA allowable costs related to the use of the Internet-accessible devices that are non-CIPA compliant.

The American Library Association (ALA) provides more specific examples in their [“An Update on Filtering: Focusing on Use of IMLS Funds from the CARES Act”](#) (and applies to LSTA) July 2, 2020. These are some examples of the more common ways that federal funds could be spent on Internet-accessible devices or direct costs associated with accessing the Internet.

All library-owned computers with internet access **must be filtered** when using federal funds to purchase internet accessible devices or costs directly associated with accessing the internet. For example:

- Computers for checkout or for use in the library
- Hotspots with data plans (the hotspots themselves do **not** have to be filtered)

Library-owned computers with internet access need **not** be filtered when using federal funds to purchase infrastructure to provide internet on library grounds or storage for internet-accessible devices. For example:

- Hotspots without a data plan (the data plan must be purchased separately using non-federal funds)
- Wireless access points and routers
- Cabling
- Cases and storage carts
- Computer peripherals (mice, monitors, keyboards, etc.)

Note that for CIPA compliance, libraries are required to block images that are obscene, contain child pornography, or are harmful to minors on all library-owned, internet-connected computers, and to have an internet safety policy that has been approved at a public meeting. The filter can be turned off by an authorized library staff member for adult patrons (17 and older) for lawful purposes.

Evaluations: Mid-Project and End-of-Project Grant Evaluations

Each recipient of LSTA funds must complete an evaluation of the project. Evaluations are due to DPI mid-project and after the conclusion of the project. The evaluation questions are included in the grant application and will be answered for the project evaluations. In addition, DPI requests grant subrecipients to inform DPI staff of any problems that have arisen.

Mid-Project Evaluation

Progress in achieving Performance Objective(s)
Activities to Achieve the Project Goals section

DPI will review LSTA funding claims status

Indicate if there are any changes to the staff assigned to the project

Describe any problems that have arisen in implementing the grant as well as any assistance requested from DPI staff

End-of-Project Evaluation

Progress in achieving Performance Objective(s)
Activities to Achieve the Project Goals section

DPI will review LSTA funding claims status

Indicate if there were any changes to the staff assigned to the project

Project Outcomes – Evaluation

Additional Materials

Grant Payment – Claim for Reimbursement

Disbursement of grant funds is done on a reimbursement basis. This means the grant recipient makes purchases using local funds and then submits a [program fiscal report \(PI-1086\)](#) (also referred to as a claim for reimbursement) then LSTA funds are directly deposited to a bank account established by the grantee following approval of the form by DPI. DPI recommends that grant subrecipients submit [program fiscal reports \(PI-1086\)](#) at least quarterly during the grant period and to copy the LSTA program coordinator, michael.dennison@dpi.wi.gov, on PI-1086 submissions. Direct all questions regarding financial claims to DPI's LSTA accountant, Mark Rudman, at mark.rudman@dpi.wi.gov or (608) 267-9187. Recipients must complete grant activities and encumber expenses by the end date on the notification of federal grant subaward. The grantee maintains all receipts for purchases.

Note: the program fiscal report (PI-1086) was developed with the Wisconsin Uniform Financial Account Requirements (WUFAR) (the accounting system used by many public school districts) in mind. Public libraries and public library systems do not need to include an Account Code *Fund-Obj.-Func.-Proj.* For the Account Name, please refer to the LSTA Budget Category from the LSTA Budget Summary page of the grant application – i.e., salaries/wages/benefits, consultant fees, travel, supplies/materials, equipment, services, and other (indirect).

Double-check before submission: be sure that the claim form is signed (or otherwise electronically authorized). When submitting a final claim, all obligations must be zeroed out. Ensuring that obligations have been appropriately moved to the disbursements column will help DPI process the program fiscal report in a timely fashion.

LSTA applicants that have not registered banking information with DPI must do so before DPI will issue a federal grant subaward or approve claims for reimbursement. This process may take several months, so DPI recommends starting this process as soon as an agency decides to apply for an LSTA grant. Contact Jacqueline Jordee, accountant, at jacqueline.jordee@dpi.wi.gov or call (608) 267-9134 for more information regarding online aids banking for your agency.

Indirect Cost Rate

An indirect cost is an organization's incurred cost that cannot be readily isolated or identified with just one project or activity. These types of costs are often referred to as "overhead costs." Typical examples of indirect costs are general telephone service, postage, office supplies, office space expenses, and administrative or financial operations for an entire organization.

Indirect costs must be budgeted within the specific dollar amount awarded in the LSTA grant. The awarded agency cannot budget indirect costs in excess of the grant award amount.

Applicant agencies can choose to budget indirect costs using one of the following methods.

- **Use a current indirect cost rate already negotiated with a federal agency; or use an indirect cost rate proposed to a federal agency but not yet approved.** Federally negotiated indirect cost rates are negotiated agreements between federal agencies and nonprofit organizations. If the applicant agency already has an existing negotiated indirect cost rate in effect with another federal agency, the agency may use this rate to calculate total project costs and apply the rate in accordance with the terms of the negotiated agreement. A copy of the negotiation agreement will be required as a condition of a grant subaward. DPI will only accept federally negotiated indirect cost rates that are current at the time awards are announced. The applicant agency must notify DPI when using a federally negotiated indirect cost rate.

- **Use a de minimis rate not to exceed 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC)** if the agency has never had a federally negotiated indirect cost rate and is not subject to other requirements (e.g., for States and Local Governments, and Native American Tribes). MTDC means all direct salaries and wages, applicable fringe benefits, materials and supplies, services, travel, and subawards and subcontracts up to the first \$25,000 of each subaward or subcontract. MTDC excludes equipment, capital expenditures, rental costs, tuition remission, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs, and the portion of each subaward and subcontract in excess of \$25,000. If the agency chooses to use this rate, the agency must exclude from the budget all indirect-cost-type items, such as general telephone service, postage, office supplies and office space expenses, and administrative or financial operations for the applicant's entire organization. If the agency is eligible and has never had a federally negotiated indirect cost rate, the agency may use this rate with no additional documentation required.
- **Not include any indirect costs** (allowing more of granted funds to be used toward actual project costs).

The following example of how to budget indirect costs is from the *DPI Local Educational Agency (LEA) Indirect Cost Plan July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2022* available on the [School Management Services team Indirect Cost Information page](#). This calculation is applicable to public libraries and public library systems in addition to LEAs.

Sum 100% (1.0) + 10% (de minimis rate) (0.1) = 1.1

Grant Award Amount \$10,000 / Sum + Indirect (above) 1.1 = MTDC \$9,090.91

Direct Cost	\$9,090.91		Direct Cost	\$9,090.91
Indirect Cost Rate	x .1	Check →	Indirect Cost	+ \$909.09
Indirect Cost	\$909.09		Total Grant Award	\$10,000.00

Partnerships and Collaboration

IMLS defines a partner in the *State Program Report (SPR) Reporting System User Documentation – State Library Administrative Agency View* as, “A cooperating institution, designated through a formal agreement that contributes material resources (i.e., materials, funds, staff) to the activity.” IMLS provides the example that a statewide training that staff from several library systems attend is not considered a partnership between DPI and the systems, but if DPI worked with UW–Madison, who agreed to provide their facilities to host the training, that would be considered a partnership. There are many opportunities to collaborate on LSTA projects, but not all of the collaborations are partnerships per the IMLS definition.

IMLS considers partnerships official when there is a formal agreement between the grant applicant and another institution and a contribution of material resources. An agreement may come in the form of signed letter stating the intent of member librarians to offer a program to library users, financial support, or in-kind contribution of staff to teach a workshop/presentation. The formal agreement should include a clear understanding of the responsibilities expected from each institution.

Grants are offered to a single fiscal agent; any project that includes distribution of funds and/or shared activities with additional entities must have a formal partnership agreement. This is an [example of a written memorandum of understanding \(MOU\)](#) and can be modified to formalize a project partnership.

For fiscal relationships, allocating funds to member libraries requires greater documentation of accountability in the LSTA application and final evaluation. For example, library system staff, as grant administrators, need to provide information to member libraries about their responsibility in agreeing to accept funds. IMLS requires that each recipient of funds describe the impact of the federal funds on its community. Each library or organization that receives and expends LSTA money must report the use of the LSTA funds and the outcomes of the project to the original recipient of the grant award.

LSTA Grant Application Instructions

LSTA grant application forms and the LSTA Grant Information and Guidelines will be found on the [Public Library Development \(PLD\) Wisconsin LSTA page](#). All grants will be evaluated based on the requirements described in the corresponding rubric for the grant. Receiving an LSTA grant award is dependent on the quality of the submitted application. Applicants must use the application that corresponds to the project to apply for LSTA funds:

- General LSTA projects (includes Sparsity Aid) use [the LSTA application form PI-2440-A](#)
- Collaborative continuing education projects use application [PI-2440-CE](#)
- Collaborative public library public school projects use application [PI-2440-PLPS](#)

The original, completed Microsoft Word document **and** one signed, scanned copy in PDF format must be submitted to LibraryReport@dpi.wi.gov by the application deadline.

Regional public library systems and public libraries are the primary and intended recipients LSTA funds. Public library systems and public libraries must be in compliance with [Public Library Services Funding Framework](#). LSTA funds will not be awarded if these requirements are not met. For a complete review of statutory requirements, see [Wis. Stats. § 43](#).

The following fields are found in the PI-2440-A general LSTA program application and may not be applicable to the grant project you are applying for. Please check the grant instructions you are applying for for details.

GRANT INFORMATION

Grant Title – the name of the LSTA project the applicant will conduct activities to achieve performance preceded by “LSTA –”. For example: “LSTA – Delivery” or “LSTA – Public Library System Redesign”

GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Agency – the name of the public library or public library system that is applying as the fiscal agent for the grant project.

Public Library System Name (if system is not the Applicant Agency) – if the applicant is a public library, provide the public library system of membership. Applicant systems do not have to respond.

Project Administrator Name – the name of the Applicant Agency staff or board person who will be the primary person responsible for grant communication in the agency.

Project Administrator E-Mail – the e-mail address for the Project Administrator that will be the primary method of official DPI communication.

Project Administrator Phone – the telephone number for the Project Administrator that will be a method of DPI communication.

Applicant Agency Business Manager Name – the name of the Applicant Agency staff member who may be a bookkeeper, office manager, or business manager who is responsible for tracking federal revenues and claiming funds from DPI.

Applicant Agency Business Manager E-Mail – the e-mail address for the Business Manager. This person will be copied on communication from DPI regarding grant award and claims reimbursement.

Applicant Agency Business Manager Phone – the telephone number for the Business Manager. This person may be contacted by DPI regarding grant award and claims reimbursement.

Counties Served by Project (or Statewide) – the names of the Wisconsin counties that are receiving services as part of this LSTA project. If a project is statewide, write “Statewide.” If a project is system-wide, the applicant may write the name of the system(s) followed by counties, e.g., “IFLS counties and Northern Waters counties.”

Wisconsin Federal Congressional District(s) Served by Project – the number(s) of the Wisconsin Federal Congressional District(s) that are receiving LSTA services as part of this project. Maps of Wisconsin Federal Congressional Districts are available from the [Wisconsin Legislative Technology Services Bureau Geographic Information Systems](#).

Total LSTA Funds Requested – the amount of LSTA dollars requested by the applicant agency necessary and reasonable to perform the activities described in the grant application. DPI will inform applicants of the maximum amount of funding available to be requested for any individual project.

COLLABORATIVE PARTNERS

This section may be required for a grant application, for example, the Increase Capacity Technology Tools and Resources requires collaboration among public library systems. Provide the information requested for each collaborative partner agency.

Collaborating Agency Name – the name of the public library or public library system that is collaborating with the applicant agency to achieve the grant objectives.

Collaborating Agency Contact Name *First & Last* – the first and last name of the representative from the Collaborating Agency.

Collaborating Agency Contact E-mail – the e-mail address of the named representative from the Collaborating Agency.

Amount of Agency LSTA Allocation Contributed to Project – if the Collaborating Agency is allocated an amount of LSTA funding for a collaborative project, the Collaborating Agency must list the amount of the LSTA allocation being contributed to the project. If the Collaborating Agency is LSTA allocated but not contributing LSTA funding to the proposal, the amount should be \$0. Do not provide an amount if the Collaborating Agency is contributing only state or local funding.

LSTA Allocation Source – if the Agency is contributing funding to the project, provide the source of the allocation. If the Collaborating Agency is partnering with the applicant and not contributing LSTA funding, the Agency may select Not LSTA – contributing state/local funding or system staff effort.

ASSURANCES AND ASSURANCES SIGNATURE

Agencies applying for federal LSTA funding must provide assurance that 1) the application is complete and accurate; 2) the agency is aware of and will comply with all applicable state and federal statutes, rules, and regulations; and 3) the agency is authorized to administer the grant.

Applicant Agency – the name of the public library or public library system that is applying as the fiscal agent for the grant project. Repeated from General Information section.

Name of Authorized Representative of Applicant Agency – the name of the duly appointed representative who is authorized by the Library Board to certify the assurance on behalf of the Applicant Agency.

Title of Authorized Representative – the position title for the staff or board member who signs as the Authorized Representative.

Signature – the Authorized Representative must sign the completed application form.

Date Signed – the date the Authorized Representative signed the completed application form.

PROJECT ABSTRACT

Provide a succinct paragraph of the project, including its purpose and intended outcome based on targeted population(s) and identifiable need. It is a summary of the project. Write for a general audience by avoiding jargon, acronyms, and abbreviations. Also avoid highly technical activity details, numerical lists and bullets.

The abstract will be used throughout the grant process, such as reference point on the mid-project and end-of-project evaluations. In addition, abstracts are posted on the IMLS and DPI websites for publicity purposes and idea generation by future grant applicants. See Abstracts in the FAQ for an example of an abstract and links to other models.

NEEDS AND ASSETS ASSESSMENT

The application must demonstrate an understanding of the target audience, including its demographics and barriers to library use. Describe how the project is relevant to library, system, and state planning documents.

Describe how the need for this project was determined and the extent of the current problem(s) for the users. Provide justification of the needs of the targeted audience(s) who would use the library for the grant project. Do not rely on assumptions or perceived needs of a targeted population(s); provide evidence from within the population you plan to serve.

Include how this project supplements local efforts in the targeted region or community. If the applicant agency has made other relevant efforts to meeting the identified needs, those efforts should be mentioned here.

Specific groups of current or future library users or non-users (audiences) that may be targeted through this project may include one or more of the following:

- Public library users, students, staff for the library
- Individuals of diverse geographic, cultural, and socioeconomic backgrounds
- Individuals with limited functional literacy or information skills
- Individuals with disabilities
- Persons having difficulty using a library
- Underserved urban and rural communities
- Children from families with incomes below the poverty line.
- Projects should differentiate between primary and secondary targeted population(s) if member **library staff** and the **public** are to be served by the project.

ACTIVITIES TO ACHIEVE PROJECT GOALS

Each applicant is required to describe a minimum of one performance objective and outcomes to be tracked and evaluated during the grant period. There are two additional pages for the applicant to provide additional performance objectives if the applicant's project aims to achieve more than one performance objective. Most projects should focus on no more than three performance objectives. If the applicant agency believes that the project focuses on more than two major performance objectives, the applicant agency should contact Michael Dennison, PLD consultant, at michael.dennison@dpi.wi.gov or call (608) 266-5196 to discuss the performance objectives.

Performance Objective – Set a goal that can be achieved as a part of this project as a whole. Create a goal that is specific to the project, can be measured, evaluated, and assigned to staff.

Baseline – Identify the starting point measure prior to beginning this project’s activities. Choose a starting value to measure current conditions that the applicant hopes to affect by the project activities.

Activities to Achieve Objective – Identify how the applicant agency will achieve this result using LSTA funding. Explain what specific actions will be taken by the applicant in order to achieve the performance objective.

Evaluation Method – Identify the methods the applicant agency will use to measure the results. The evaluation method must be able to accurately compare results to the baseline measure.

Person(s) Responsible – Identify the staff or library board member(s) who will be responsible for the activities to achieve the objective.

Progress – Identify the progress the agency made in achieving the Performance Objective. Leave the Progress response blank when submitting the initial application. Complete the Progress response as a mid-project and end-of-project report. Provide a progress update on the success in achieving the Performance Objective using measureable results from the Evaluation Method described above.

LSTA BUDGET DETAILS and SUMMARY

The budget details section requires the applicant agency to list all the budget line item purchases the applicant agency requests to make using LSTA funds as well as any matching funding provided in any of the LSTA categories. The totals from the budget details section will automatically calculate in the budget summary section. Each budget section is described below.

All budget items must conform to the LSTA Allowable and Unallowable Costs. DPI may approve a project proposal while requesting that the applicant agency make budget revisions to appropriately and allowably administer the project. The budget and project proposal are approved when the DPI grant program coordinator signs the budget summary page. Federal funds received by public libraries must be deposited with the library's municipality per [Wis. Stats. s. 43.58\(2\)](#). Federal audit requirements must be met.

Match Funds – the applicant agency should describe any materials, personnel, services, that are directly supporting this project. The applicant agency must select if the funds are sourced from state aid or from any other local fund source including contract income from another agency. Local matching funds may include both existing and new budget items for direct expenditure on the project. For this purpose, existing or in-kind budget items may include space, equipment, salaries, fringe benefits, supplies, and other related costs.

Salaries/Wages/Benefits – All salaries, wages, and fringe benefits paid to Applicant Agency staff directly contributing to the project. Staff members with the title of “Consultant” who are paid from and contributing to this project should be budgeted here and not in the Consultant Fees section.

Consultant Fees – all expenses related to acquiring the expert services of a third-party consultant for a specific activity within the project can be included in this category. Costs may include fees, travel, accommodation, and support services hired directly by the consultant. Do not include costs incurred by an Applicant Agency staff member or the staff of a public library or system who have the title of “Consultant.”

Travel – travel costs must be related to the project activities and must be incurred by the Applicant Agency staff working on the project. The costs include airfare, ground transportation, accommodation (lodging), meals, etc. For airfare, economy class must be used at all times. Select the type of travel expenditure and describe the travel selections in the text box next to the selection. Do not include travel expenses by a third party. Reported expenses must be related to the project activities.

Supplies/Materials – costs for supplies and materials including computing devices (if the acquisition cost per unit is less than \$5,000) purchased specifically for the project. List the consumable items and quantities of supplies and materials necessary to carry out the project such as print books, e-books, audiobooks, DVDs and/or technology such as computers, laptops, tablets, printers, STEM kits, etc.

Equipment – Equipment purchases require prior approval from DPI and IMLS. The Applicant Agency may request to purchase equipment by completing the [LSTA Equipment Approval Request form](#). Equipment is defined as tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000.

Services – costs of project activities to be undertaken by a third-party contractor or vendor, including a formal partner. Databases should be described here and names of contractors included.

Other Operational Expenses (Indirect) – this description includes allowable indirect costs incurred by the grantee. Briefly describe the indirect costs associated with the indirect cost recovery. The applicant must also make a checkbox selection to inform DPI of the applicant's decision to recover indirect costs.

Applicant Agency and Grant Title – the applicant should repeat these fields from the General Information section.

Rate – provide the indirect rate the applicant chooses to recover.

Other summary fields automatically calculate as budget details are entered.

JUSTIFICATION FOR CHANGES

Provide a narrative description of changes to an approved budget. Include a description of why the budget change was necessary and how it will improve the project. A budget revision must be made if the LSTA Budget Category lines on the LSTA Budget Summary page will vary 10% or more from the approved amount when filing a program fiscal report (claim for reimbursement).

PROJECT OUTCOMES - EVALUATION

The responses to the Project Outcomes – Evaluation section are due to DPI following the completion of the project. DPI recommends filling in the responses throughout the course of the project. These responses may be requested throughout the project and will be submitted to DPI following the conclusion of the project as an end-of-project report.

Describe the important findings and outcomes from the project. This is a brief description of any findings or outcomes not reported elsewhere. What changes happened as a direct or indirect result of this project? What are the results for the targeted population or region? Discuss whether people are using or reusing the new services provided through your project; whether knowledge has been gained and shared with others; and whether your users value what you are providing them.

Describe the importance of these outcomes and findings for future program planning. Given the outcomes and findings that resulted from this project, how will this impact the future program planning in the agency? If this program will continue, how will it impact planning for this project?

Based on outputs, outcomes, and other results, explain any significant lesson(s) learned for DPI and others in the library and information sciences field who want to adopt any facets of this project. Provide a response that informs anyone who would want to adopt any facet of this project of the aspects of implementing this project that were successful, the pitfalls to avoid, and things to try differently.

Application Review and Notification

DPI reviews grant applications following the application deadline. Non-competitive categories are restricted to a specific agency or agencies, with funds distributed among the eligible projects. These projects are reviewed by PLD staff and the LSTA Advisory Committee. Competitive federal grant subawards are reviewed by a panel of trained, independent individuals using a rating rubric that is available to applicants during the application process. Not all eligible projects may receive funding.

Division staff review the comments and ratings of the independent reviewers. DPI staff make their recommendations to the LSTA Advisory Committee. The LSTA Advisory Committee reviews and discusses reviewer ratings, and makes recommendations to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The State Superintendent reviews recommendations from the Advisory Committee and Division staff, and makes a final determination regarding all grant applications, both non-competitive and competitive. DPI notifies all applicants if their projects will be funded or not. Funding is dependent on LSTA funding appropriation by the U.S. Congress.

If projects are selected for funding, grantees may be required to attend a virtual information session offered shortly after the grant notifications are issued.

LSTA Project Categories

As LSTA grant opportunities become available, the opportunities to apply will be messaged directly to eligible entities and listed below. More may be added throughout the course of a fiscal year as funds allow. These grant opportunities have been endorsed by the LSTA Advisory Committee.

2020 LSTA Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources Sparsity Aid

LSTA funding for system technology projects was restructured beginning in 2018. [The October 2017 blog post about LSTA technology block grants](#) outlines the need for changes and the history of our communication of that change.

The Division asked the LSTA Advisory Committee to approve a recommendation for the “Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources” project that removes the formula for the funds for collaborative technology projects but retains the sparsity aid component in the Federal Fiscal Year 2020 budget. The Committee approved the Division’s recommendation and allocated \$100,000 for sparsity aids. Any public library system receiving funds is required to complete mid- and end-of-project reporting covering the activities and populations served.

The sparsity aids category of funds is available only to systems experiencing funding challenges due to population sparsity and geography. Individual systems may apply the supplemental sparsity funds to assist with technology needs or apply the funds to a collaborative project. In addition, some or all of the sparsity funds may be applied to offset delivery costs for that system or its member libraries (this is the only exception where funds within this category may offset already established operating costs). Funds may be requested up to a maximum amount per system determined by the formula outlined in the [2020 worksheet LSTA Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources Sparsity Aid](#).

Application

To apply for an LSTA Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources Sparsity Aids grant, use the [LSTA 2440-A application](#). **Apply by September 30, 2020.**

Allocations and Eligibility

The [2020 LSTA Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources Sparsity Aid allocation table](#) for this project includes total LSTA aid amounts for 2020 Sparsity Funds for individual systems experiencing sparsity.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 Sparsity Aid Total Allocation
IFLS Library System	\$12,550
Manitowoc-Calumet Library System	\$6,060
Nicolet Federated Library System	\$10,620
Northern Waters Library Service	\$16,160
Outagamie Waupaca Library System	\$1,870
South Central Library System	\$4,190
Southwest Wisconsin Library System	\$14,700
Winding Rivers Library System	\$12,970
Winnefox Library System	\$6,400
Wisconsin Valley Library Service	\$14,480
State Total	\$100,000

General stipulations for LSTA Sparsity Aid projects

- Projects shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Projects shall *improve users' ability to obtain and/or use information resources*
- Projects shall address equity of access to tools, training, or resources
- Funds may be used to underwrite startup costs for new services that can subsequently be sustained
- Any system receiving funds will be required to complete mid-project and end-of-project reporting
- Funds shall **not** be used for licensing products or platforms in categories already provided by DPI
- Funds shall **not** be used for ongoing operational costs (delivery is the only exception), or already established system or member Overdrive or Advantage accounts

2020 LSTA Integrated Library System (ILS) Migration to Shared ILS Consortium

As part of the [2018-2022 Five Year LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#) (Goal 2: Statewide sharing of information resources and collaboration among libraries to provide equitable and efficient library services for all Wisconsin residents WISCAT and Public Library System Redesign (PSLR) activities) and PLSR Recommendation 6: Create an Effective, Well-Managed, State-Scale Discovery Layer, the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction's Division for Libraries and Technology will provide initial setup costs for libraries that can commit to sustain the use of the shared consortium integrated library system (ILS) to assist systems in providing better support to their member libraries and to equitably support shared technology solutions at libraries throughout the state.

Application

To apply for an LSTA ILS Migration grant, use the [LSTA 2440-ILS application](#). **Note:** This application was updated since the guidelines were first published. Applications should include a description of the ILS software currently used in the public library, and the ILS the library will merge to. **Apply by January 15, 2021.**

Required attachment: include an approved statement or library board minutes that demonstrate the library board's commitment to the ongoing costs.

Allocations and Eligibility

Eligible entities are Wisconsin public libraries that are:

- legally established as a public library under Wis. Stats. Chapter 43;
- members of a public library system; and
- not currently a member of any shared integrated library system (ILS) consortium.

Public library systems may act as the fiscal agent for a public library or libraries that meet the above criteria.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Libraries/Systems	2020 ILS Migration Total Allocation
Public libraries; Public library systems acting as the library's fiscal agent for the merger	Up to \$320,000
State Total	Up to \$320,000

General stipulations for LSTA Statewide Delivery Service project

- Project shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Project shall *improve users' ability to obtain and/or use information resources*
- Project shall address equity of access to resources
- Funds shall be used to join an existing shared ILS consortium in the state of Wisconsin
- Funds may be used to cover the costs of preparation, migration, and implementation of joining a shared ILS consortium that shall be subsequently sustained by the local library
- Libraries shall obtain approval for ILS migration from their local library board
- The shared ILS consortium must be willing and able to perform the necessary preparatory work to migrate the library between the date the library receives the Notification of Federal Grant Subaward and September 2021. (Please note that migration may happen after this date)

2020 LSTA Statewide Delivery Service

As part of the [2018-2022 Five Year LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#) (Goal 2: Statewide sharing of information resources and collaboration among libraries to provide equitable and efficient library services for all Wisconsin residents) the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction's Division for Libraries and Technology allocates funding for a grant to the South Central Library System to provide financial support to offset operation costs and fleet expenses for the [Wisconsin Libraries' Delivery Network](#). The statewide delivery network supports all 72 counties in Wisconsin.

Application

To apply for an LSTA Statewide Delivery Service grant, use the [LSTA 2440-A application](#). **Apply by January 15, 2021.**

Allocations and Eligibility

The South Central Library System is the only eligible entity to apply for the LSTA Statewide Delivery Service grant.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 Statewide Delivery Service Total Allocation
South Central Library System	\$75,000
State Total	\$75,000

General stipulations for LSTA Statewide Delivery Service project

- Project shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Project shall *improve users' ability to obtain and/or use information resources*
- Project shall address equity of access to resources
- Funds shall be used to offset the cost of operating the South Central Library System fleet and the associated expenses with supporting the statewide delivery network.

2020 LSTA Community Engagement Statewide Training

As part of the [2018-2022 Five Year LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#) (Goal 4: Stronger engagement of public libraries with their communities and utilization of data to actively adapt to community needs) the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction's Division for Libraries and Technology allocates funding for a grant to the Winding Rivers Library System to contract with community engagement consultants to provide training and resources to facilitate the effective community engagement practices of libraries with their local communities.

The statewide community engagement training cohort contains 36 coaches and team members from 14 counties in 12 different library systems and support training directly in 12 Wisconsin communities. For a visual representation, please see the [Wisconsin Libraries Transforming Communities cohort map](#). More information please see the [Wisconsin Libraries Transforming Communities page](#).

Application

To apply for an LSTA Community Engagement Statewide Training grant, use the [LSTA 2440-A application](#). **Apply by September 30, 2020.**

Allocations and Eligibility

The Winding Rivers Library System is the only eligible entity to apply for the LSTA Community Engagement Statewide Training grant.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 Community Engagement Statewide Training Total Allocation
Winding Rivers Library System	\$83,325
State Total	\$83,325

General stipulations for LSTA projects

- Projects shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Projects shall *improve users' ability to participate in their community*
- Funds shall be used for community engagement consultants who will provide community engagement training for a cohort of selected applicants over an 18 month period and associated administrative costs

2020 LSTA Statewide Homelessness Training for Librarians

The Division for Libraries and Technology will support statewide access to a formal, online training for library staff to confidently and compassionately solve problem behavior from troubled individuals and, thus, provide better, more compassionate customer service. The library system's contract provides library staff throughout the entire state of Wisconsin access to this training.

A number of Wisconsin libraries and library systems have sought in-person and online trainings for their staff in this area. In an effort to provide a well-regarded resource to all Wisconsin library staff, in a spirit of equitable access to professional development tools, the Manitowoc-Calumet Library System shall contract for statewide access to online training.

Application

To apply for an LSTA Statewide Homelessness Training for Librarians grant, use the [LSTA 2440-A application](#).
Apply by September 30, 2020.

Allocations and Eligibility

The Manitowoc-Calumet Library System is the only eligible entity to apply for the LSTA Statewide Homelessness Training for Librarians grant.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 Statewide Homelessness Training for Librarians Total Allocation
Manitowoc-Calumet Library System	\$19,999
State Total	\$19,999

General stipulations for LSTA projects

- Projects shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Projects shall *Improve the library workforce*
- Funds shall be used for statewide access to a formal, online training for library staff to confidently and compassionately solve problem behavior from troubled individuals and, thus, provide better, more compassionate customer service.

2020 LSTA Virtual Conference Scholarships for Rural, Small Libraries

The Division for Libraries and Technology will provide financial support in the form of scholarships for library staff working in public libraries or branch locations with **municipal populations less than 25,000**. Division for Libraries and Technology scholarships are intended to expand access and promote equity in professional learning opportunities for Wisconsin library workers. These scholarships will connect staff at many of Wisconsin's libraries with quality content and engagement on topics highly relevant to their work without additional travel commitments.

Application

To apply for an LSTA Continuing Education grant, use the [LSTA 2440-CONTINUINGED application](#). **Apply by August 31, 2020.**

Allocations and Eligibility

Public library systems are eligible to act as fiscal agents for libraries or branch locations with municipal populations less than 25,000.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 Virtual Conference Scholarships for Rural, Small Libraries Total Allocation
Bridges Library System (with Monarch, Arrowhead, and Milwaukee County Federated)	\$640
IFLS Library System	\$1,540
Kenosha County Library System	\$225
Lakeshores Library System	\$195
Northern Waters Library Service	\$700
South Central Library System	\$1,100
Southwest Wisconsin Library System	\$1,715
Winding Rivers Library System	\$640
Winnefox Library System (with Nicolet Federated and Manitowoc-Calumet)	\$2,030
Wisconsin Valley Library Service	\$720
State Total	\$9,505

General stipulations for LSTA projects

- Projects shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Projects shall *Improve the library workforce*
- Funds shall be used to subsidize conference registration for small, rural libraries

2020 LSTA Wisconsin Public Library Consortium (WPLC) Digital Library and Wisconsin Schools Digital Library Consortium (WSDLC) Data Analysis during COVID-19 Public Health Pandemic

The Division for Libraries and Technology will provide financial support to assess the affect the COVID-19 pandemic has had on public libraries' electronic collections to fill unique needs in their communities. To assess the ways that libraries have leveraged this service during the public health pandemic the Wisconsin Public Library Consortium (WPLC) and the Wisconsin Schools Digital Library Consortium (WSDLC) shall contract for data analysis to assess the impact of a variety of public closures on eBook usage. The project will involve a two-part data collection effort that will involve a mixed-method research design.

Application

To apply for an LSTA WPLC and WSDLC Data Analysis grant, use the [LSTA 2440-A application](#). **Apply by September 30, 2020.**

Allocations and Eligibility

The Winding Rivers Library System is the only eligible entity to apply for the LSTA WPLC Digital Library and WSDLC Data Analysis during COVID-19 Public Health Pandemic grant.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library System	2020 WPLC Digital Library and WSDLC Data Analysis during COVID-19 Public Health Pandemic Total Allocation
Winding Rivers Library System on behalf of the Wisconsin Public Library Consortium	\$5,000
State Total	\$5,000

General stipulations for LSTA projects

- Projects shall conform to [2018-2022 LSTA Plan for Wisconsin](#)
- Projects shall *Improve library operations*
- Funds shall be used to evaluate the affect of the COVID-19 pandemic on public library electronic collections

2020 Public Library Public School LSTA Subawards

As part of the 2018-2022 Five Year LSTA Plan for Wisconsin, the Division for Libraries and Technology (DLT) provides grant subawards to Wisconsin public libraries for collaborative projects with local public school libraries. These subawards will offer financial and material resources that will emphasize specific aspects of library services. The 2020 Public Library Public School collaborative grant opportunity will only be made available to 2019 grant recipients that could not complete projects due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Allocations and Eligibility

2019 grant recipients that were unable to complete projects due to the COVID-19 pandemic are the only eligible entities to apply for a grant continuation.

Eligible Wisconsin Public Library	2020 Public Library Public School Collaborations Total Allocation
Brillion Public Library	\$2,000
Elm Grove Public Library	No-cost extension
Kenosha Public Library	\$10,940
Waukesha Public Library	\$988
Waupaca Area Public Library	\$2,628
State Total	\$16,556

Appendix: LSTA Grant Application Scoring Rubric (used for LSTA PI-2440-A grant applications)

Collaborative Partners (only when listed or required)	Not Adequately Demonstrated	Partially Demonstrated	Thoroughly Demonstrated	Reviewer Ranking
<p>The proposal describes how all collaborating agencies will establish and maintain a formal, collaborative partnership to deliver public library services to benefit library patrons statewide.</p> <p>Partnerships are listed in this section and partner agency roles are clear throughout the application.</p>	<p>The proposal does not indicate a formal, collaborative partnership between the applicant agency and partner agencies.</p>	<p>The proposal addresses how the applicant and some partner agencies will establish a formal, collaborative partnership that includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an irregular timeline of meetings or other contact, • a loose plan to share resources and knowledge, or • some understanding of the unique needs and assets of partner agencies. 	<p>The proposal addresses how all partner agencies will establish a formal, collaborative partnership that includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a regular timeline of meetings or other contact, • a plan to share resources and knowledge, • understanding of the unique needs of partner agencies, • understanding of how to utilize the assets gained from the collaborative partnership, and • as a supplement to the application provide a formal agreement, contract, or memorandum of understanding indicating the responsibilities of each partner and how the continuing services will be sustainable. 	<p>Thorough <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Partial <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Not Adequate <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>N/A <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>Comments:</p>				

Project Area (Increase Capacity for Technology Tools and Resources grant applications only)	Not Adequately Demonstrated	Demonstrated	Reviewer Ranking
The applicant clearly communicates the connection between the project proposal and one of the four required project areas.	The connection between the project proposal rationale and the selected project area is unclear.	The project proposal rationale succinctly describes the connection between the proposal and the selected project area. The proposal meets the project area stipulations.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Not Adequate <input type="checkbox"/>
Comments:			

Project Abstract	Not Adequately Demonstrated	Partially Demonstrated	Thoroughly Demonstrated	Reviewer Ranking
The applicant provides an overview, the purpose, and intended outcome of the project based on the targeted population and identifiable need. The proposal is written clearly for a general audience. This means that the project abstract avoids the use of jargon, acronyms, abbreviations highly technical activity details, numerical or bulleted lists.	The abstract is not clearly written for a general audience or does not include an overview, the purpose, or intended outcome of the project.	The abstract provides an overview of the project, but it is not written clearly for a general audience or does not include the purpose or intended outcome of the project.	The abstract is clearly written for a general audience. The abstract provides an overview, the purpose, and intended outcome of the project. The project is focused on an identified need.	Thorough <input type="checkbox"/> Partial <input type="checkbox"/> Not Adequate <input type="checkbox"/>
Comments:				

Needs and Assets Assessment	Not Adequately Demonstrated	Partially Demonstrated	Thoroughly Demonstrated	Reviewer Ranking
The applicant identifies a specific need(s) that is relevant to the targeted region or population. The applicant identifies its own and partner agencies' capacity to address the need(s). The applicant clearly identifies other recent projects (locally or regionally) that are relevant to address the identified need(s).	The applicant does not identify a specific need for the project.	The need or how the project addresses the need are not clearly stated. The assets or how the assets will help the applicant address the need are not clearly identified.	The applicant identifies a specific need(s) that is relevant to the targeted region or population. The applicant identifies its own and partner agencies' capacity to address the need(s). The applicant clearly identifies other recent projects (locally or regionally) that are relevant to address the identified need(s).	<div>Thorough <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>Partial <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>Not Adequate <input type="checkbox"/></div>
Comments: 				

Activities to Achieve Project Goals	Not Adequately Demonstrated	Partially Demonstrated	Thoroughly Demonstrated	Reviewer Ranking
The proposal outlines activities to achieve project goals and includes objectives, baseline measure(s), specific activities to achieve each objective, the method of evaluation, and the staff person(s) who will be responsible for each activity.	<p>The performance objective and related components are not relevant to the plan and do not have a relationship to the activities described:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The objective is not supported by the activities. • Staff responsibilities are not clear or are not addressed. • Outcome evaluation is not mentioned or described in the proposal. 	<p>The objectives are relevant to the plan and are supported by the described activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The objective is not supported by all activities, or • Staff responsibilities are not clear for all outlined activities, or • Outcome evaluation is not clearly described in the proposal. 	<p>The objectives are relevant to the plan and are supported by the described activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The objective is supported by the activities. • Staff responsibilities are clear for all outlined activities. • The outcome evaluation method described in the proposal includes the use of data and assessment and is detailed for each objective. 	<p>Thorough <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Partial <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Not Adequate <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>Comments:</p>				

Budget	No	Yes	Reviewer Ranking
The budget reflects necessary, reasonable, and allocable costs that align with Wisconsin's Five-Year LSTA Plan for 2018-2022, and the program guidelines and information.	The budget does not effectively support proposed goals and objectives. The budget shows evidence of unnecessary, unreasonable, or unallocable use of LSTA grant funds.	The budget reflects appropriate and effective use of funds to accomplish grant goals, with no evidence of misuse of LSTA grant funds.	<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>Comments:</p>			

Overall Merit

Proposal Strengths:

Proposal Weaknesses:

Do you recommend this proposal for funding?

Yes

☐

No

☐