# USDA INFANT AND PRESCHOOL MEAL PATTERN IN SCHOOL PROGRAMS



# **Fruit and Vegetable Components**

This handout provides information about the fruit and vegetable requirements under the Infant and Preschool meal pattern. These requirements are for School Food Authorities (SFAs) serving children aged 1-5 years old and not yet in kindergarten (5K). A separate handout on the infant meal pattern requirements is available.

## Fruit and Vegetable Components

#### Breakfast:

- Fruits and vegetables are **combined** as one meal component.
- Any type of vegetable may be served.

#### Lunch:

- Fruits and vegetables are **separate** meal components.
- A fruit and a vegetable, OR two <u>different</u> vegetables must be served.
- Two fruits cannot be served.

#### Afterschool Snack:

- Fruits and vegetables are **separate** meal components.
- When two vegetables are served at lunch, the serving size of the second vegetable must be at least the same serving size as the fruit component it is replacing.
- A variety of fruits and vegetables may be offered to students. Reimbursable meals must contain at least the minimum amount of a fruit and vegetable or two different vegetables.
- There are no vegetable subgroup requirements for this meal pattern, but serving a variety of vegetables is encouraged!

## Fruit and Vegetable Serving Size Requirements

	1-2 years	3-5 years
Breakfast: Fruit and/or vegetable	¼ cup	½ cup
Lunch: Vegetable	¹⁄₃ cup	¼ cup
Lunch: Fruit	¹⁄₃ cup	¼ cup

#### Vegetable and Fruit Crediting Reminder:

•1 cup of raw leafy greens = ½ cup vegetable

• $\frac{1}{4}$  cup dried or dehydrated fruit (100%) =  $\frac{1}{2}$  cup fruit

These quantities are the *minimum* required fruit and vegetable serving sizes that must be served at breakfast and lunch.

Reminder: Offer versus Serve is not allowed for students not yet in kindergarten (5K), unless students are comingled.

Allowed	Allowed	<u>Not</u> <u>Allowed</u>	<u>Not</u> <u>Allowed</u>
Chicken	Chicken	Chicken	Chicken
Carrots	Carrots	Carrots	Kiwi
Broccoli	Apples	Carrots	Apples
WG Bun	WG Bun	WG Bun	WG Bun
1% Milk	1% Milk	1% Milk	1% Milk

# **Mixed Fruits and Vegetables**

Mixtures of vegetables and fruits, such as a carrot-raisin salad, may credit towards both the vegetable component <u>and</u> the fruit component if they contain at least ½ cup vegetable and ½ cup fruit per serving. For example, a carrot-raisin salad served to 4 year olds that contains

<sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> cup carrots and <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>8</sub> cup raisins (crediting as <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> cup fruit) meets the full vegetable component and the full fruit component.

## Juice

Full-strength juice may count toward the vegetable or fruit component no more than once per day, per student.

Schools that offer half-day sessions and serve different groups of students may choose to:

- 1. Treat each session as a separate program and offer juice once per day to students in each session.
- 2. Apply the meal pattern requirements across both half-day sessions and only offer juice once per day.

### **Recordkeeping Requirements**

Records must document that students following the Infant and Preschool meal pattern are being served meals that meet the meal pattern requirements. Visit the School Nutrition Team <u>Menu Planning</u> webpage for more information on product documentation, production record requirements, and downloadable production record templates.

## Q&A:

Q: How do mixed vegetables (e.g., peas and carrots) credit at lunch?

**A:** Combination and mixed vegetables credit as <u>one</u> vegetable. Therefore, if a mixed vegetable is served at lunch, the mixed vegetable counts as one vegetable, and another fruit or vegetable will need to be served. Example: (1) peas and carrots, (2) broccoli. Double the amount of the mixed vegetable item cannot be served.



For more information, visit the Infants and Preschool in NSLP and SBP webpage.

