

Assessment for Injections Medication Administration

Name: _____ Date: _____

Please circle the correct answer and take the completed test to the school nurse or school district administrator for scoring.

1. Which of the following is an example of a type of packaging for injectable medication?
 - a. Vials
 - b. Auto-injectors
 - c. Prefilled syringes
 - d. All of the above.

2. An intramuscular injection at the deltoid site should be 5 finger widths below the bony aspect of the shoulder.
 - a. True
 - b. False

3. Which of the following is not true of subcutaneous injections?
 - a. Common sites for subcutaneous injections are the stomach, buttocks, top outer thigh, and the back of the upper arm.
 - b. Subcutaneous injections should be given in a muscle.
 - c. Subcutaneous injections should be given at a 45- to 90-degree angle for children depending on their fatty tissue.
 - d. Subcutaneous injections allow for slow and sustained absorption of medication.

4. It is important to rotate injection sites for both intramuscular and subcutaneous injections.
 - a. True
 - b. False

5. Which of the following is not correct when mixing medications for injection?
 - a. Pull back the plunger to the amount of medication ordered.
 - b. Gently swirl the vial for 10-15 seconds with the syringe still in the vial until the solution is clear.
 - c. It is not necessary to expel air bubbles from the syringe as air bubbles help push the medication into the blood vessels.
 - d. All of the above are correct.

Number correct: ____ of 5 answers