# ESEA Maintenance of Effort and Title I Comparability Requirements





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WASBO
FEDERAL FUNDING
CONFERENCE

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### MOE: Definition & Purpose

2

• A year-by-year analysis to ensure LEAs are supporting core education in Title I schools

 An LEA may receive its full allocation of Title I, Part A funds if the State determines the LEA has maintained its fiscal effort

#### MOE: Definition & Purpose

3

• LEAs demonstrate MOE by either the combined fiscal effort per student OR the aggregate expenditures (non-federal funds) of the LEA for the preceding fiscal year was not less than 90% of combined fiscal effort or aggregate expenditure for the second preceding fiscal year

#### **MOE: Calculations**

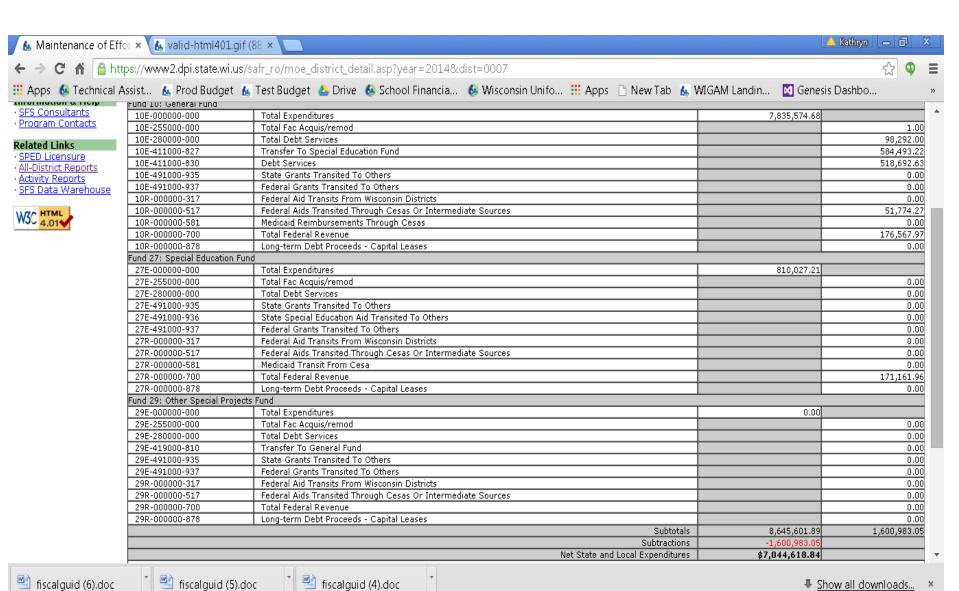
4

• The annual financial report (PI-1505) is used to determine MOE

 Amount from preceding year must not be less than 90 percent of the second preceding year

• Example: To receive funds available July 2015, DPI will compare 2013-14 school year expenditures to 2012-13 school year expenditures

#### Annual Report













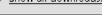






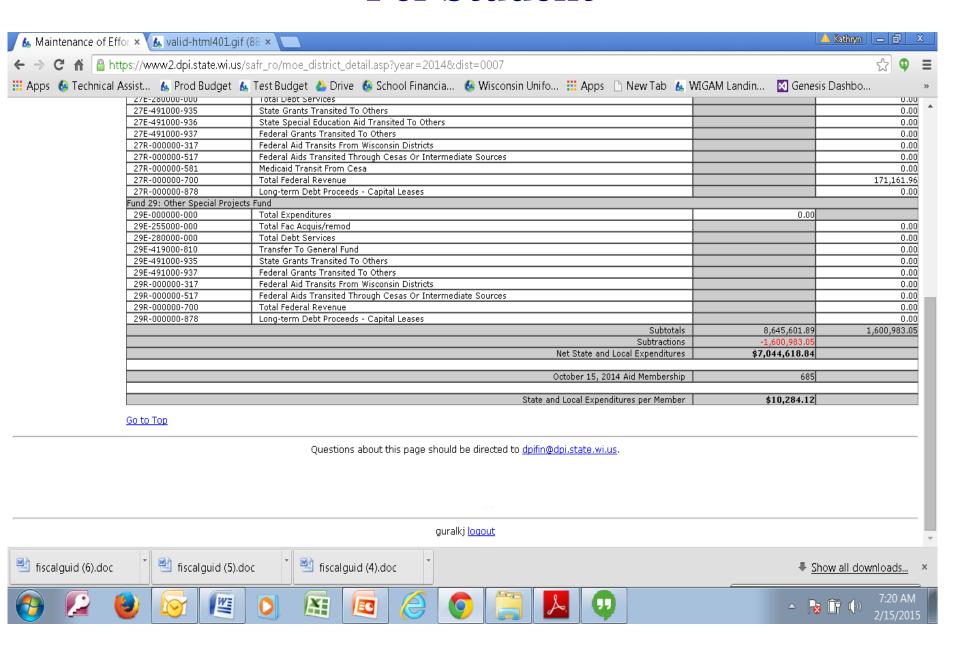








#### Per Student



#### MOE: Consequences for Failure



- The state must reduce amount of allocation in the exact proportion by which LEA fails to maintain effort below 90 percent
- Reduction applies all applicable ESEA programs that are still funded by USDE (not just Title I)



## MOE: Example



Analysis for 2014-15 Funds	Aggregate Expenditures	Amount per Student
2011-12 Actual Amount	\$1,000,000	\$6,100
90% of 2011-12 Amount	\$900,000	\$5,490
2012-13 Actual Amount	\$950,000	\$5,495
Difference	\$50,000	\$5
Percent Reduction in Award for 2014-15	0%	0%

#### **Maintenance of Effort was met.**

### MOE: Example



Analysis for 2014-15 Funds	Aggregate Expenditures	Amount per Student
2011-12 Actual Amount	\$1,000,000	\$6,100
90% of 2011-12 Amount	\$900,000	\$5,490
2012-13 Actual Amount	\$850,000	\$5,200
Difference (Shortfall)	<\$50,000>	<\$290>
Percent Shortfall/ Reduction in Award for 2014-15	-5.6%	-5.3%

The LEA's awards under ESEA for 2014-15 will be reduced by 5.3%.

### MOE: Example



Analysis for 2014-15 Funds	Aggregate Expenditures	Amount per Student
2011-12 Actual Amount	\$1,000,000	\$6,100
90% of 2011-12 Amount	\$900,000	\$5,490
2012-13 Actual Amount	\$890,000	\$5,495
Difference	<\$10,000>	\$5
Percent Reduction in Award for 2014-15	-1.11%	0%

**Maintenance of Effort was met.** 

#### **MOE: Waivers**



#### USDE Secretary may waive if:

- There are exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances such as natural disaster OR
- Precipitous decline in financial resources of the LEA

#### Waivers in Wisconsin

- o DPI will contact LEAs if MOE is not met
- o LEAs will notify DPI if they want to request a waiver
- o DPI will request waivers on behalf of all LEAs needing waivers
- o DPI will notify LEAs if waivers are granted or not

# Maintenance of Effort

12

**QUESTIONS???** 

# Title I Comparability Requirement



#### **Definition**



• An LEA may receive Title I, Part A funds only if it uses state and local funds to provide services in Title I schools that, taken as a whole, are at least comparable to the services provided in non-Title I schools

• If all schools in a grade span within the LEA are Title I schools, all schools must be "substantially comparable"

ESEA Section 1120A(c)

## **Timing**



- LEAs must determine comparability annually
  - DPI is only required to collect comparability data at least once every two years

 Comparability is completed in the fall because LEAs need to review current-year resources and *make adjustments* for the current year as necessary

#### Required LEAs



- Comparability is determined on a grade span-bygrade span basis
- If an LEA has at least one non-Title I school and at least one Title I school within a grade span, the LEA must demonstrate comparability for that grade span
- If an LEA has more than one Title I school at the same grade span (even without the presence of a non-Title I school), the LEA must demonstrate comparability for that grade span

## **Grade Spans**



#### Elementary

$$\circ$$
 PK  $-5$ 

$$\circ K - 8$$

#### High

$$0.11 - 12$$

#### Middle

$$06 - 8$$



### Exemptions



- LEAs are exempt if there is only one school per grade span (nothing to compare)
  - Example: Phelps School District has two schools, a 4K 8 and 9 12.
     Phelps School District is exempt from completing the comparability report.

• Schools are exempt if the a school has fewer than 100 students



#### A district consists of

- One elementary school (Title I Schoolwide)
- One middle school (Title I Targeted Assistance)
- One high school (Non-Title I)

Is this district required to complete the Comparability Report?









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No, this district is exempt because there is only one school per grade span



#### A district consists of

- One elementary school (Title I Schoolwide)
- One middle school (Title I Schoolwide)
- One high school (Title I Schoolwide)

Is this district required to complete the Comparability Report?

















No, this district is exempt because there is only one school per grade span



#### A district has

- Three elementary schools (all Title I Schoolwide)
- One middle school (Title I Targeted Assistance)
- One high school (Non-Title I)

Is this district required to complete the Comparability Report?







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Yes, the district is required to complete the comparability report to demonstrate comparability among the *elementary schools* only



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The district is not required to complete the comparability report for the middle school because there is no other school in that grade span to compare it to



#### A district has four schools:

- Two elementary schools: PK 2 and 3 5
- One middle school: 6 − 8, and a
- One high school: 9 12.
- The two elementary schools receive Title I funds

Is this district required to complete the Comparability Report?





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No, because the grade spans do not overlap

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BUT, if the district had two PK – 2 schools and two 3-5 schools that received Title I funds, then the district would be required to complete comparability for each grade span



#### A district has four schools:

- One elementary school: PK 5 (TI Schoolwide)
- One middle school: 6 8 (TI Schoolwide)
- One high school: 9 − 12 (TI TAS)
- One alternative high school: 9 − 12 (Non-Title I)

Is this district required to complete the Comparability Report for the high school?

















Only if the district entered an enrollment greater than 100 students for the alternative high school in the Title I application.

This district would be exempt from the comparability report if the alternative high school has less than 100 students.

### Web-based Comparability Report



- Log in into the LEA's ESEA Application
  - Same user credentials as the application
- Submit the Title I application before completing the comparability report
- If an LEA is exempt from comparability, the link will state "N/A Exempt." No action is required
- Click the comparability report's "Enter Data" link on the ESEA Main Menu to complete the report

#### Screenshot: Exempt LEA





ESEA Main Menu | DPI Home

If an LEA is exempt and

clicks on this link, the next

screenshot is the screen

they see.

(Test Server) 3640-Minocqua J1 School District | 2013-2014

District is exempt.

#### ESEA Main Menu

#### Data Reports Help LEA Data (Click on link below to see data) Required Action **Due Date** N/A (Report 2012-2013 End of Year Report 8/31/2013 Submitted) 2013-2014 Comparability Report N/A (Exempt) 12/20/2013

Required Docume Help Click on link be enter required information ESEA Contact L Other Required Contacts Assurances/Debarment Private School Affirmations Application Requirements Checklist

### Screenshot: Exempt LEA





ESEA Main Menu | DPI Home

(Test Server) 3640-Minocqua J1 School District | 2013-2014

2013-2014 Comparability Report Home | Help and Instructions

DPI Contacts | Administrator Menu

#### Minocqua J1 School District - 3640

2013-2014 Title I-A Comparability Report Home

Minocqua J1 School District is exempt and does not need to submit a comparability report.

Districts receiving Title I, Part A funds are required by federal legislation to conduct an annual review of their local and state expenditures to ensure Title I and non-Title I schools receive a distribution of those funds on an equivalent basis, and to maintain documentation of the results and the action taken, if necessary, to remedy findings of non-comparability. {Section 1120A}

Federal guidance on comparability can be found here: http://www.ed.gov/programs/titleiparta/fiscalguid.doc

#### Screenshot: Required LEA





ESEA Main Menu

**DPI Home** 

(Test Server) 0280-Baraboo School District | 2014-2015

Login Successful.

#### **ESEA Main Menu**



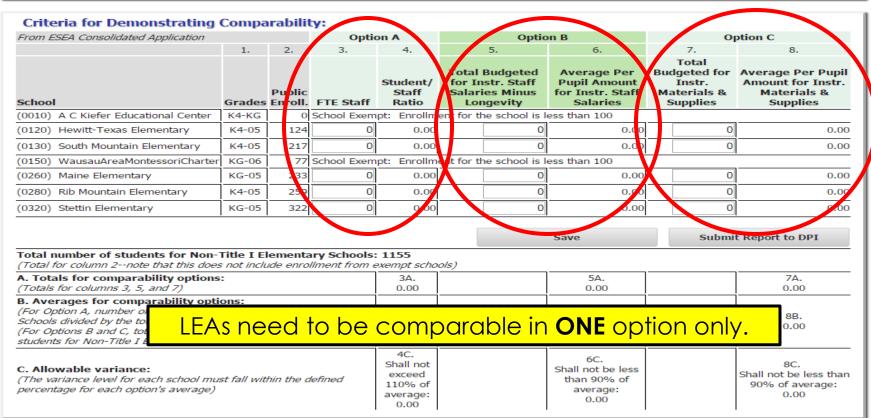
### **Determining Comparability**



- LEAs should use current-year data
- LEAs should **not** include federal resources in the calculations
- LEAs may exclude state/local funds expended for:
  - Language instruction for LEP students;
  - Excess costs of providing services to students with disabilities;
  - Staff salary differentials for years of employment; and
  - Supplemental programs that meet the intent and purpose of Title I (for example, SAGE)

### **Determining Comparability**





#### **Definition of Instructional Staff**



- Teachers and other personnel assigned to schools who provide direct instructional services
  - Music, art, and physical education teachers; school counselors, speech therapists, and librarians
- Other personnel who provide services that support instruction
  - School social workers and psychologists
- The LEA must be consistent with the categories of staff included for its schools

Section B- 5, US Department of Education, Non-Regulatory Guidance, Title I Fiscal Issues, February 2008

### Instructional Staff Q and A



Should LEAs include teachers' aides in the calculations for instructional staff salaries or instructional staff?







It depends on the function of the position



If the person is providing direct instructional support to students, then yes. This person is considered a paraprofessional and must be included in the calculation



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If the person is providing other support services such as lunch/recess duty, taking attendance, making copies, and decorating bulletin boards, then no. This person shall not be used in the calculations for comparability



How should LEAs count an instructional staff person that is shared between two or more schools, but not across all schools within the LEA?















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LEAs should determine the FTE/salary for the staff person and include each school's share in the comparability calculation.



How should LEAs count an instructional staff person that supports all the schools equally across the entire district (i.e. one art teacher for the entire district)?





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LEAs could either divide the staff person's time/salary equally for each school's comparability calculation or the LEA could exclude the staff person from the comparability calculations for all of the schools. Either way the LEA must be consistent across all schools

#### **Definition of Instructional Materials**



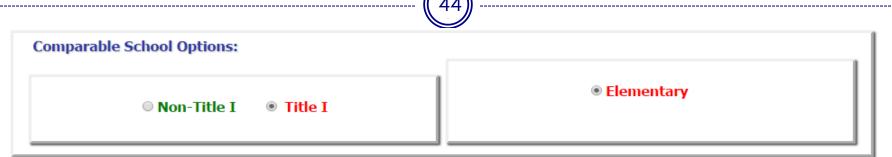
- Instructional materials and supplies include:
  - o General supplies for instruction;
  - Instructional media;
  - Textbooks and workbooks;
  - o Computers, software and other technology; and
  - Library books and media center learning materials

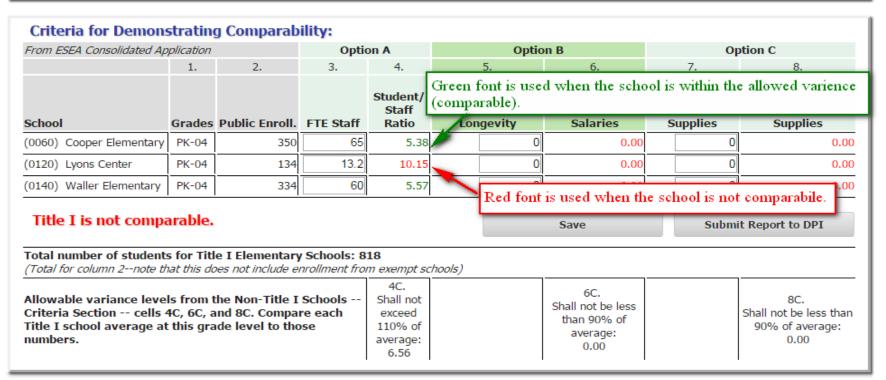
43

# Comparable School Options: Non-Title I Title I Elementary

Criteria for Demonstrating Comparability:													
From ESEA Consolidated Application			Option A		Option B		Option C						
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.					
School	Grades	Public Enroll.	FTE Staff	Student/ Staff Ratio	Total Budgeted for Instr. Staff Salaries Minus Longevity	Average Per Pupil Amount for Instr. Staff Salaries		Average Per Pupil Amount for Instr. Materials & Supplies					
(0110) Dr Edward G Dyer School	04-06	438	72	6.08	0	0.00	0	0.00					
(0160) Winkler Elementary	PK-04	170	30	5.67	0	0.00	0	0.00					

	Savo		·^	Cubmit Papart to DDI				
Total number of students for Non-Title I Elementary Schools: 608 (Total for column 2note that this does not include enrollment from exempt schools)								
A. Totals for comparability options: (Totals for columns 3, 5, and 7)	3A. 102.00		5A. 0.00		7A. 0.00			
B. Averages for comparability options: (For Option A, number of students for Non-Title I Elementary Schools divided by the total for the option) (For Options B and C, total for the option divided by the number of students for Non-Title I Elementary Schools)	4B. 5.96		6B. 0.00		8B. 0.00			
C. Allowable variance: (The variance level for each school must fall within the defined percentage for each option's average)	4C. Shall not exceed 110% of average: 6.56	Shall r thar av	6C. not be less n 90% of verage: 0.00		8C. Shall not be less than 90% of average: 0.00			









ESEA Main Menu | DPI Home

(Test Server) 0777-Burlington Area School District | 2013-2014

2013-2014 Comparability Report Home Help and Instructions DPI Contacts Administrator Menu

Schools need to be found comparable before LEAs see this screen.

#### **Burlington Area School District - 0777**

2013-2014 Title I-A Comparability - Submit to DPI

Before submitting to DPI, confirm the following statements by clicking the check boxes and provide the date the comparability data was reviewed by the District Administrator:

This report has been reviewed by the District Administrator.

Date Reviewed:

All supporting documentation is on file for review.

Submit Report to DPI

Both boxes need to be checked and the date the district administrator reveiwed the report needs to be entered before the LEA can submit the report.

#### Determining Comparability Q and A

46

A district is required to demonstrate comparability between their three elementary schools (all of which are Title I receiving)

The district tried all three comparability options in the application, but they did not meet comparability

What should the district do?



#### Determining Comparability Q and A





A district may recalculate their figures with the exclusion of state/local funds expended for:



• Language instruction for LEP students;



• Excess costs of providing services to students with disabilities;



• Staff salary differentials for years of employment; and



• Supplemental programs that meet the intent and purpose of Title I (for example, SAGE)



If the district is still not comparable, the district will need to reallocate resources and adjust their general ledger to become comparable



- When in doubt contact your Title I Consultant
  - o <a href="http://titleone.dpi.wi.gov/t1consultant\_dir">http://titleone.dpi.wi.gov/t1consultant\_dir</a>



#### **Documentation**



#### • LEAs shall:

- Develop procedures to be in compliance with the comparability requirement
- Maintain supporting documentation used for the web-based report



ESEA Section 1120A(c)(3)

#### **Audits**



At the end of the fiscal year, auditors make sure that actual expenditures are comparable.

If not, the consequence *may* result in returning funds to DPI/USDE.



## Title I Comparability Requirements

<u>[51]</u>

Questions????

Contact your Title I Consultant for assistance <a href="http://titleone.dpi.wi.gov/t1consultant\_dir">http://titleone.dpi.wi.gov/t1consultant\_dir</a>